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8			
9			
10	IN THE UNITED STATES E	BANKRUPTCY COURT	
11	DISTRICT OF OREGON		
12	In re:	) Case No. 09-30938-elp11	
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	Society Of Jesus, Oregon Province, an Oregon domestic nonprofit religious corporation,  Debtor.	) DEBTOR'S MOTION FOR AN ORDER ) (1) SETTING A CLAIMS BAR DATE FOR ) FILING PROOFS OF CLAIM, AND ) (2) APPROVING PROOF OF CLAIM ) FORMS, BAR DATE NOTICES, ACTUAL ) NOTICE PROCEDURE, AND MEDIA	
17	Society of Joseph Orogan Province ("	) NOTICE PROGRAM	
18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Debtor"), moves pursuant to FRBP 3003	
19	(c)(3), for an order (1) fixing a bar date for filin	-	
20	estate, including, without limitation, claims arising in tort for child abuse and sexual		
21	misconduct, and (2) approving a non-tort proof of claim form, a tort proof of claim form,		
	bar date notices, actual notice procedures, and media notice program (the "Motion").		
22	This Motion is supported by the Declaration of Fr. Michael Tyrrell (the "Tyrrell		
23	Declaration") filed herewith.		
24			
<ul><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	Page 1 of 19 - DEBTOR'S MOTION FOR AI BAR DATE FOR FILING PROOFS OF CLAI CLAIM FORMS, BAR DATE NOTICES, ACT	M, AND (2) ÁPPROVING PROOF OF	
	MEDIA NOTICE PROGRAM	,	

### I. Jurisdiction

Overview

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II.

- 1. This Court has jurisdiction to consider this matter pursuant to 28 USC § 157 and 1334. This is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 USC § 157(b). Venue is
- proper before this Court pursuant to 28 USC §§ 1408 and 1409.

in this Chapter 11 proceeding. Tyrrell Declaration, ¶ 2.

undertake the legal and factual analysis of such potential liability.

# 2. On February 17, 2009 (the "Petition Date"), there were approximately 153 tort claims pending against the Debtor which were in various stages of litigation and discovery. The Debtor has been advised by a number of attorneys that they have additional clients with claims that have not been asserted. The Debtor also believes

- there may be other claims that are beyond the knowledge of anyone currently involved
  - 3. Because the issue of the Debtor's liability for tort claims dominates this Chapter 11 case, it is critical to define the scope and extent of such liability as the predicate for the formulation and negotiation of a plan of reorganization. For this reason, the Debtor now seeks to begin the process of defining the scope of its liability for such claims. The logical first step in that process is to set a bar date for claims and obtain through a special proof of claim form the information needed to begin to
    - 4. To understand some of the key issues that the Debtor expects to arise in the course of such analysis, the Debtor briefly describes, in Section III of this Motion, the history of its involvement with the prepetition litigation involving the tort claims.
    - 5. In Section IV of this Motion, the Debtor requests that the Court set a deadline for all holders of all claims to file such claims against the Debtor, including, without limitation, claims for child abuse and sexual misconduct. This recognizes the

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broad definition of "claim" under § 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code. Additionally, the Debtor requests that the Court establish October 15, 2009 as the claims bar date, a date that is at least 90 days after notice of the bar date is mailed to known claimants and the first nationwide media publication of the notice of such bar date has occurred. The Debtor believes this time frame will allow more than adequate time for potential claimants and their attorneys to be notified of such deadline and then to complete and return their claim forms.

- 6. Section V of this Motion addresses the proposed proof of claim forms that the Debtor is requesting the Court require be used by holders of claims. It discusses the development of the proposed forms by the Debtor, the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors (the "Committee"), and their professionals and the purpose for requesting claimants to supply various items of information.
- 7. In Sections VI and VII of this Motion, the Debtor discusses the extensive mailing and publication procedures the Debtor proposes to use to provide notice of the claims bar date to actual and potential claimants. As more fully described in Section VII, because the Debtor does not have, and does not have access to, the addresses of the claimants in certain pending litigation matters and concerning yet to be filed claims, the Debtor has developed a process to provide actual notice to the attorneys for such claimants, with safeguards built in to send information about the claims bar date to the claimants if such attorneys request or if they advise the Debtor that they do not, or no longer, represent such claimants. The Debtor has developed a media notice program to provide notice of the claims bar date to unknown, potential claimants.

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8. As more fully discussed in the following sections of this Motion, the Debtor believes that it has developed a fair and reasonable process that will enable it to obtain the information necessary to determine in a rational fashion the real scope of its liability for the tort claims. Indeed, the Debtor has taken appropriate steps to develop a balanced process that recognizes the critical nature of the information requested to permit the orderly administration of the Chapter 11 case and, at the same time, does not impose any undue or unreasonable burden upon the holders of tort claims or their attorneys.

### III. <u>History of Prepetition Litigation</u>

- 9. Since June 2000, the Debtor has been involved in litigation and claims brought by more than 394 persons alleging sexual abuse, said to have occurred primarily between 1950 and 1980, by clergy and others for which the Debtor was claimed to have some responsibility. Since June 2000, total payments made directly by the Debtor to claimants and their attorneys on account of these claims have totaled approximately \$28.4 million, and payments by the Debtor's insurers have totaled more than \$50 million. In late 2007, the Debtor settled 113 claims for damages arising from sexual abuse alleged to have occurred in Alaska, with the Debtor paying \$5 million and its insurers \$45 million to settle those claims. Tyrrell Declaration, ¶ 1.
- 10. One of the principal reasons for seeking relief under Chapter 11 was to enable the Debtor to use the Chapter 11 process to address in a comprehensive manner, and in one forum, all tort claims asserted against it, determine the extent of the Debtor's liability with respect thereto, and address such claims, and all other claims against the Debtor, in a fair and equitable manner. Tyrrell Declaration, ¶ 3. The Debtor now seeks to begin this process by (i) establishing a deadline for holders of claims to

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- 1 file proof of such claims against the Debtor, (ii) setting forth the information required to
- 2 be furnished by such claimants, and (iii) implementing a comprehensive notification
- 3 program designed to ensure that notice of such deadline reaches the appropriate
- 4 persons.

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### IV. The Bar Date

- 11. On February 17, 2009, the Debtor filed with the Court its Schedules of Assets and Liabilities and Statement of Financial Affairs, (collectively, together with any amendments thereto, the "**Schedules**").
  - 12. Rule 3003(c)(3) of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure ("Bankruptcy Rules") provides that the Court shall fix the time within which proofs of claim must be filed in a Chapter 11 case pursuant to § 501 of the Bankruptcy Code. Moreover, Bankruptcy Rule 3003(c)(2) provides that a creditor whose claim is not scheduled or whose claim is scheduled as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated must file a proof of claim. Except for those claims that were settled prior to the Petition Date, the Debtor has scheduled all known tort claims as disputed, contingent, and unliquidated.
  - 13. By this Motion, the Debtor requests, *inter alia*, that the Court establish October 15, 2009, at 5:00 p.m., Prevailing Pacific Time, as the last date and time by which proofs of claim must be filed by the holders thereof (the "*Claims Bar Date*").
  - 14. Setting the proposed Claims Bar Date will enable the Debtor to begin to analyze its liability with respect to the claims in an appropriate, timely, and efficient manner. Based upon the procedures set forth below, the proposed Claims Bar Date will give all holders of claims ample opportunity to file proofs of claim, and no one will be prejudiced by the setting of such date.

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15. Pursuant to the proposed order annexed hereto as Exhibit 1 (the "Claims		
Bar Date Order"), the Debtor requests that each holder of a claim be required to file its		
claim by delivering in person, by courier service, by overnight delivery (e.g. FedEx), by		
facsimile, or by first-class mail, a written proof of claim with an original signature which		
shall be in the form of either the Non-Tort Proof of Claim Form or the Tort Proof of Claim		
Form (as such terms are defined below) so as to be received on or before the Claims		
Bar Date by BMC Group, Inc. (the "Claims Agent").		

- 16. Pursuant to the proposed Claims Bar Date Order, *only* those persons (a) whose claims have been paid in full, or (b) who qualify as a Future Claimant (as defined below), are not required to file a proof of claim on or before the Claims Bar Date. Any person who settled a claim against the Debtor before the Petition Date, but has not been paid or fully paid on account of such claim, must still file a proof of claim on or before the Claims Bar Date on account of his or her claim.
- 17. The Debtor anticipates that the Court will enter an order in this case appointing a Future Claimants Representative (the "FCR") as the legal representative for those persons holding claims against the Debtor based on sexual, mental, or physical abuse or misconduct, who meet one or more of the following criteria, and who will neither timely file, nor be deemed to have timely filed (e.g., due to excusable neglect), a proof of claim on or before the Claims Bar Date:
  - a. Persons who are under 18 years of age as of the 30<sup>th</sup> day immediately preceding the Claims Bar Date; and,
  - b. Persons for whom the applicable state law statute of limitations, as it existed on the Petition Date, has not expired as of the 30<sup>th</sup> day immediately preceding the Claims Bar Date, as determined under

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applicable state or federal law, but without regard to federal bankruptcy
law.

All such persons meeting these criteria are referred to herein as the "Future Claimants". It is further anticipated that the Court will require the FCR to file a proof of claim on behalf of all Future Claimants on or before the Claims Bar Date. Such a filing by the FCR, should not, however, relieve any person (except a minor) who knows they have a claim from the obligation to file his or her own proof of claim by the Claims Bar Date, whether or not the applicable state law statute of limitations regarding such claim has expired.

18. It is well settled that a claims bar date is an essential component of the "fresh start" policy underlying Chapter 11 reorganization cases. The establishment of a claims bar date is necessary to provide some degree of finality in a Chapter 11 case, which, in turn, facilitates the administration of the Chapter 11 case for the benefit of the court and all interested parties. *See Mercado-Boneta v. Administration Del Fondo De Compensacion Al Paciente*, 125 F3d 9, 17 (1st Cir 1997) ("The purpose behind the claims bar date in bankruptcy ... is to provide the debtor and its creditors with finality and to insure the swift distribution of the liquidated estate."); *In re Manville Forest Prods. Corp.*, 89 BR 358, 374 (Bankr SDNY 1988). Moreover, the establishment of a claims bar date is essential in order to understand the nature, scope and magnitude of liabilities that must be addressed in a Chapter 11 plan. *See In re Arrow Air, Inc.*, 75 BR 375, 378 (Bankr SD Fla 1987) ("an essential purpose of setting a claims deadline, in this and in other reorganization cases, is to fully inform participants in the reorganization process as to the debtor's liabilities. Armed with this knowledge, proposals may be

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evaluated with confidence and negotiations may proceed without being hindered by undue caution or skepticism caused by ignorance.").

19. The courts have recognized the necessity for a claims bar date in cases involving clergy sex abuse claims. See In re Roman Catholic Archbishop of Portland in Oregon, Case No. 04-37154-elp11 (Bankr D Or 2004); The Roman Catholic Church of the Diocese of Tucson, Case No. 4-04-bk-04721-JMM (Bankr D Az 2004); In re Catholic Bishop of Spokane, Case No. 04-08822-PCW-11 (Bankr ED Wash 2004); In re Roman Catholic Diocese of Davenport, Case No. 06-02229 (Bankr D la 2006); In re The Roman Catholic Bishop of San Diego, Case No. 07-00939-LA11 (Bankr SD Ca 2007); and In re Catholic Bishop of Northern Alaska, Case No.08-00110-DMD (Bankr D Ak 2008). Consistent with all prior clergy sex abuse Chapter 11 cases, establishment of a claims bar date in this case will facilitate the administration of this case and allow the parties to move forward with negotiations toward the formulation of a consensual plan of reorganization.

### ٧. **Proof of Claim Forms**

- 20. The Debtor has prepared proposed non-tort and tort proof of claim forms that will elicit specific information needed to begin the analysis of the Debtor's potential liability for the claims, and ultimately to resolve issues in this case that are key to the reorganization plan process and the Debtor's successful emergence from Chapter 11. A copy of the proposed non-tort proof of claim form is annexed hereto as Exhibit 2 (the "Non-Tort Proof of Claim Form"). A copy of the proposed Tort Proof of Claim Form is annexed hereto as Exhibit 3 (the "Tort Proof of Claim Form").
- The Non-Tort Proof of Claim form is the Official Proof of Claim Form 10 22. that is generally used in all Chapter 11 cases. Accordingly, the Debtor respectfully

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requests that the Court approve the Non-Tort Proof of Claim form for the filing of all non-tort claims.

- 23. The Tort Proof of Claim form is patterned after the tort proof of claim form approved in the *Catholic Bishop of Northern Alaska* Chapter 11 case and is designed to solicit key information necessary to appropriately address certain critical issues pertinent to a determination of the Debtor's liability on account of the tort claims. The Tort Proof of Claim Form requests the following types of basic information: (i) identifying information to enable the Debtor and others to locate the claimant, (ii) information about the persons involved, the timing, and the nature of the activities for which the claimant is asserting a claim, (iii) information about the claimant's alleged injuries and when the claimant first realized that he or she had sustained an injury, (iv) information about the extent of the alleged damages sustained, or losses or injuries suffered, by the claimant, and (v) information about professionals and others the claimant consulted with about the alleged injury and the claim.
- 24. The Debtor requests that the Court approve the proposed Non-Tort Proof of Claim Form and Tort Proof of Claim Form and direct that they be utilized in connection with the filing of claims. The Debtor further requests that the Court order as follows:
  - The failure of any holder of a tort claim to use the Tort Proof of Claim Form shall result in the claim of such claimant being deemed invalid as improperly filed and of no force and effect, pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3003(c), subject to the opportunity for the claimant to cure the defect as provided below.
  - If any claim that is filed on or before the Claims Bar Date is deemed invalid as improperly filed because it was not filed on the Tort Proof of Claim Form, the

Sussman Shank LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW 1000 SW BROADWAY, SUITE 1400 PORTLAND, OREGON 97205-3089 TELEPHONE (503) 227-1111

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> NOTE: Special procedures will be adopted to preserve the confidentiality of the claimant's identity.

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Debtor will provide the holder of such claim with written notice that the Debtor will seek an order from the Court disallowing such claim, unless within 30 days of the date of such notice, the claimant files re-files such claim on the approved Tort Proof of Claim Form. Prior to entry of any order disallowing the claim, the Debtor will provide the claimant with 20 days' notice and an opportunity to object to its motion seeking to have the claim disallowed.

• If any claim is filed on the Tort Proof of Claim Form but fails to provide the information requested therein, the Debtor will provide the holder of such claim with written notice that the Debtor will seek an order from the Court disallowing such claim, unless within 30 days of the date of such notice, the claimant files re-files such claim to include the requested information. Prior to entry of any order disallowing the claim, the Debtor will provide the claimant with 20 days' notice and an opportunity to object to its motion seeking to have the claim disallowed.

25. The Debtor respectfully submits that use of the Tort Proof of Claim Form is necessary and appropriate in this case. It is well recognized that proof of claim forms that deviate from Official Proof of Claim Form 10 may be used when special circumstances exist. See *In re I.G. Services Ltd.*, 244 BR 377, 384 (Bankr WD Tex 2000) (citing *In re A.H. Robins*, 862 F2d 1092 (4th Cir 1988)). While Bankruptcy Rule 3001(a) provides that "[a] proof of claim shall conform substantially to the appropriate Official Form," Bankruptcy Rule 9009 authorizes appropriate and necessary alterations in the Official Forms:

The Official Forms prescribed by the Judicial Conference of the United States shall be observed and used with alterations as may be appropriate. Forms may be combined and their contents rearranged to permit economies in their use. The Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts may issue additional forms for use under the Code. The forms shall be construed to be consistent with these rules and the Code.

(Emphasis added).

26. Special circumstances clearly exist here – the information being requested is critical to any reasonable evaluation and analysis of the Debtor's liability, and this

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issue is the lynchpin of the Debtor's Chapter 11 case. The proposed form provides an efficient means to obtain some of the basic information that any claimant should provide in order to justify a claim and participate in this case. Indeed, the Debtor would expect that the requested information would be readily available because it is within the knowledge of the claimant.

27. Moreover, in each of the Catholic diocese Chapter 11 cases referred to in paragraph 19 above, the courts have recognized that substantial alteration to Official Proof of Claim Form 10 is necessary when dealing with tort claims alleging sex abuse. Other courts dealing with tort claims have reached the same conclusion. In *In re LTV Steel Company Inc.*, Case No. 86-B-11273 (BRL) (Bankr SDNY), the court approved the use of a detailed questionnaire, characterizing the inquiries as seeking "appropriate information so that [the claims] meet the minimum requirements of sections 501 and 502 of the Bankruptcy Code and Article 3 of the Bankruptcy Rules." *LTV*, Case No. 86-B-11273 (Bankr SDNY May 2, 1989). In *In re A.H. Robins*, 862 F2d 1092 (4th Cir 1988), the Fourth Circuit held that a detailed questionnaire requesting information relating to the claimant's I.U.D. claims was an indispensable part of the claims process, and not simply part of the discovery process. *A.H. Robins*, 862 F2d 1096. Accordingly, the Debtor respectfully requests that the Court approve the Tort Proof of Claim Form for the filing of tort claims.

## VI. <u>Notice Procedures</u>

29. Pursuant to the proposed Claims Bar Date Order and Bankruptcy Rule 2002(a)(7), the Debtor proposes to use a two-fold widespread notice program that will provide actual notice of the Claims Bar Date to all known creditors and the attorneys for all known creditors, and publication notice to creditors whose identities and/or

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addresses are not presently known or reasonably ascertainable by the Debtor, as explained more fully below.

### A. Actual Notice of the Claims Bar Date Order.

i. With respect to many of the claims pending as of the Petition

Date, the Debtor has the names and addresses of the attorneys for the claimants but
does not have the names and addresses of the individual claimants.

ii. Accordingly, for purposes of providing actual notice to all known creditors, including, without limitation, persons or entities that have commenced judicial, administrative, or other actions or proceedings (including settlement proceedings), or otherwise initiated an action against the Debtor asserting a claim that has not been settled or has been settled but not paid or fully paid, the Debtor proposes to mail to all known creditors and to the attorneys for represented creditors at their last known address (i) the Claims Bar Date Order, (ii) the notices of the Claims Bar Date substantially in the forms attached hereto as Exhibit 4 (the "Non-Tort Claims Bar Date Notice") and Exhibit 5 (English and Spanish versions) (the "Tort Claims Bar Date Notice"), collectively the "Claims Bar Date Notices", and (iii) a copy of both the Non-Tort Proof of Claim Form and the Tort Proof of Claim Form (English and Spanish versions).

iii. The proposed Claims Bar Date Notices inform potential claimants of the Claims Bar Date and contain detailed information regarding who must file a proof of claim, the procedures for filing a proof of claim and the consequences of failing to timely file a proof of claim. The Debtor respectfully requests that the Court approve the form and use of the Claims Bar Date Notices in substantially the forms annexed hereto as Exhibits 4 and 5.

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### VII. Publication Notice

30. The Debtor has determined that it would be in the best interest of its estate also to give notice by publication to (a) those creditors who are unknown or not reasonably ascertainable by the Debtor, (b) those creditors who may be known to the Debtor but whose addresses are unknown to the Debtor, and (c) anyone else who may be a creditor of the Debtor. The Debtor has developed a special "plain English" notice that the Debtor proposes to use in a comprehensive, broad-based media notice program. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002(1), the Debtor requests authority to use such notice which is substantially in the form attached as Exhibit A to the Media Notice Program described below (the "Claims Publication Notice") (English and Spanish versions).

31. The Debtor has developed a broad-based direct media notice program designed to provide notice to potential claimants in areas where claims have arisen or where potential claimants may now be located. The proposed media notice program that the Debtor proposes to use is described in Exhibit 6 (the "*Media Notice Program*"). The Media Notice Program is designed to ensure comprehensive notice to individuals who could potentially hold claims against the Debtor. The Media Notice Program provides for the dissemination of the Claims Publication Notice by using (i) newspapers, (ii) diocesan publications, (iii) church bulletins, (iv) tribal publications, (v) the Debtor's website, (vi) the Claim's Agent's website, (vii) press releases, (viii) public radio announcements, (ix) postings at Jesuit associated schools and universities, and (x) postings at post offices and general merchandise stores in certain Native American and tribal areas. The primary target of the Media Notice Program will be persons who attended Catholic churches, schools, and universities in Alaska, Idaho, Montana,

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- Oregon, and Washington where Jesuits worked, these being the locations within the Oregon Province Territory where the alleged acts giving rise to the tort claims are most likely to have occurred.
  - 32. The Debtor also intends to provide notice in locations outside the Oregon Province Territory where Oregon Province Jesuits, against whom allegations of child sex abuse have been made, were working or studying. The Debtor has reviewed its internal catalogues to determine where those Jesuits were located between 1950 and the present. These locations have all been targeted for notice in a local newspaper of general circulation. Finally, the Debtor intends to accomplish nationwide notice of the Claims Bar Date by publication in USA Today, and by the media's nationwide dissemination of one or more press releases to be issued by the Debtor. Tyrrell Declaration, ¶ 4.
  - 33. Of the more than 394 claims asserted against the Debtor since June 2000, approximately 99% of the claimants lived or resided in the five states encompassing the Oregon Province Territory. The Debtor believes that any presently unknown potential claimants are more likely than not to reside in these same states. Of the remaining 1%, the claimants lived in California, New York, and Virginia. Tyrrell Declaration,  $\P$  5. Furthermore, the nationwide notice process and general publicity about the case will provide notice of the Claims Bar Date to potential claimants living both inside and outside of the target area described in paragraphs 30-32 herein. Thus, the Debtor believes the Media Notice Program should have substantial success in notifying potential claimants of the Claims Bar Date.
  - 34. It should be noted that the Claims Publication Notice to be published in connection with the Media Notice Program includes a toll-free telephone number that

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potential claimants may call to obtain more information, including a copy of a Tort Proof of Claim Form, notice of the Claims Bar Date, and information concerning the procedures for filing a proof of claim. The notice also contains BMC Group, Inc.'s website address specific to this case — from which a claimant can review information about this case and can download a copy of the Tort Proof of Claim Form and the Tort Claims Bar Date Notice.

35. The Debtor estimates the total cost of the Media Notice Program to be approximately \$577,053.

### **VIII.** Additional Media Notice

- 36. The Court should take notice that the proposed Media Notice Program will be augmented by an independent media campaign that is already underway. Many of the existing tort claimants' attorneys are already working hard to alert potential claimants that they must act promptly to preserve their rights to make a claim in this case. The following websites and publications provide three recent examples of these efforts:
- a. <u>www.priestabuselaw.com</u> (see Exhibit 7 attached) this website appears to target Native Americans by listing the present and former schools/missions at which the Oregon Province Jesuits worked to serve the native populations of the Pacific Northwest, correctly noting that the accusations of abuse date primarily from the 1950's, 1960's, and 1970's. To draw the interest of Native American claimants, the website features a photograph and short biography of 'Ken Bear Chief,' who is described as a paralegal and his tribal affiliations are listed. His photograph pictures him in western-style clothing. This website, which bears a copyright for "Tamaki Law,"

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informs the reader that: "Because time is running out for legal action, please contact us
 immediately."

- b. <a href="https://www.jesuitabuse.com">www.jesuitabuse.com</a> (see Exhibit 8 attached) this website begins with a large headline proclaiming: "Bankruptcy Court sets deadline for victims to file claims for compensation." This website is under the copyright of "Northwest Attorneys for Justice" and lists attorneys Michael Pfau and Timothy Kosnoff of Seattle, John Allison of Spokane, Leander James of Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, and Andrew Chason and Timothy Walton of Boise, under the "Contact Us" heading. It indicates that these lawyers "have handled hundreds of sex-abuse and physical abuse cases" and "have extensive experience with tribal members and non-Natives" and "are skilled in helping victims of Priest abuse seek justice and healing." This website goes so far as to provide the names of persons who have previously been accused and lists those places where Oregon Province Jesuits have served in the past.
- c. <u>May 11, 2009 Advertisement in Confederated Umatilla Journal</u> (see Exhibit 9 attached) This ad under the heading "Victims of Priest Abuse" is another effort of Tamaki Law to notify holders of claims against the Debtor of the impending claims bar date and the need to file their claims.
- d. April 2009 Advertisement in Confederated Umatilla Journal (see Exhibit 10 attached) This ad published by the "Northwest Attorneys for Justice" under the heading "Victims of Jesuit Priest Abuse Have Limited Time to Make Claims" provides notice of the bankruptcy filing and invites holders of claims to contact the attorneys listed in the ad.
- 37. If the Court goes on-line to review the above-described websites, it will find that they are professionally prepared, have emotional impact, and are visually

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BAR DATE FOR FILING PROOFS OF CLAIM, AND (2) APPROVING PROOF OF
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MEDIA NOTICE PROGRAM

appealing. While the Debtor takes issue with many of the facts asserted, the point to be made is that widespread media notice is already ongoing on a large scale. It is extremely likely, if not certain, that other activities in addition to those noted are currently underway to solicit additional claimants. The power of what economist Adam Smith called the "unseen hand" that drives markets to efficient outcomes, is at work to assist the Debtor in its task to provide notice of the Claims Bar Date to all persons holding claims against it. In many ways, the notice that this Court approves will be "frosting on the cake." The effective (whether accurate or not) communications devices so far employed by the plaintiffs' attorneys are ample evidence of that.

38. These ongoing activities do not replace the function of the official claims bar date notice. They do, however, provide evidence that notice is already being spread throughout the Pacific Northwest by persons with a direct financial interest in locating additional clients. Word that a claims bar date is approaching is already percolating and it can only be presumed that these same attorneys will follow-up with additional public notices once a claims bar date is actually established. These attorneys' efforts should provide the Court with additional assurance that potential claimants are likely to receive notice of the Claims Bar Date and should help to ameliorate any concern that the the Debtor's proposed Media Notice Program might be inadequate.

### IX. The Proposed Bar Date is Reasonable

39. The Debtor will be responsible for mailing the Claims Bar Date Notices, the Claims Bar Date Order, and the Non-Tort and Tort Proof of Claim Forms described above. The Debtor expects that it will be able to complete the mailing of the Proof of Claim Forms, the Claims Bar Date Order, and the Claims Bar Date Notices to known

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creditors within 20 days after the Court enters the proposed Claims Bar Date Order. By establishing October 15, 2009 as the Claims Bar Date, all known holders of claims will have approximately four months' notice of the Claims Bar Date for filing proofs of claim. The Debtor intends to begin publication notices no later than June 30, 2009, which will be at least 115 days before an October 15<sup>th</sup> Claims Bar Date, with the last publication notices to occur on or before September 15, 2009, which would be at least 30 days prior to the Claims Bar Date. Accordingly, this will give unknown creditors an adequate period of time within which to file claims, particularly in view of the fact that Bankruptcy Rule 2002(a)(7) requires only twenty (20) days' notice.

### X. <u>The Proposed Notice Procedures Are Reasonable And Adequate</u>

40. Principles of due process require "that a debtor give notice that is reasonably calculated under the circumstances to apprise an interested party of the pendency of the bankruptcy case." *In re Envirodyne Industries, Inc.*, 206 BR 468, 472 (Bankr ND III 1997), aff'd, 214 BR 338 (ND III 1997) (citing *Mullane v. Central Hanover Bank & Trust Co.*, 339 US 306 (1950)). As set forth above, the Debtor has proposed an extensive, widespread, and multi-dimensional program to provide all holders of claims with adequate notice of the Claims Bar Date and their obligation to file claims. Further, the notice procedures the Debtor has proposed provide more than adequate time for all such claimants to comply with the obligation to file an appropriate proof of claim. Accordingly, the Debtor submits that the notice and procedures it proposes are more than sufficient under the circumstances and fully comply with due process, and asks the Court to enter findings consistent therewith.

WHEREFORE the Debtor respectfully requests entry of an order in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 1, *inter alia*: (i) setting October 15, 2009, at 5:00 p.m.,

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1	Prevailing Pacific Time, as the Claims Bar Date, (ii) approving the proposed Non-Tort		
2	Proof of Claim Form, Tort Proof of Claim Form, the Claims Bar Date Notices, and the		
3	Claims Publication Notice, (iii) approving the procedures for providing actual notice to all		
4	known creditors, (iv) approving the proposed Media Notice Program, (v) finding that the		
5	proposed notice program and procedures are adequate and sufficient under the		
6	circumstances and satisfy due process, and (vi) granting the Debtor such other and		
7	further relief as is just.		
8	Dated this 13 <sup>th</sup> day of May, 2009.		
9	SUSSMAN SHANK LLP		
10	/s/ Thomas W. Stilley		
11	Thomas W. Stilley, OSB No. 88316 Howard M. Levine, OSB No. 80073		
12	Susan S. Ford, OSB No. 84220 Attorneys for Debtor and Debtor-In-Possession		
13	Attorneys for Debtor and Debtor in Fossession		
14	F:\CLIENTS\19620\004\BAR DATE NOTICE PROGRAM\P-MOTION FOR BAR DATE ORDER (FINAL FORM).DOC		
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25	Page 19 of 19 - DEBTOR'S MOTION FOR AN ORDER (1) SETTING A CLAIMS		
26	BAR DATE FOR FILING PROOFS OF CLAIM, AND (2) ÀPPROVING PROOF OF CLAIM FORMS, BAR DATE NOTICES, ACTUAL NOTICE PROCEDURE, AND MEDIA NOTICE PROGRAM		